



Kasarani Campus
Off Thika Road
Tel. 2042692 / 3
P. O. Box 49274, 00100
NAIROBI
Westlands Campus
Pamstech House
Woodvale Grove
Tel. 4442212
Fax: 4444175

KIRIRI WOMENS' UNIVERSITY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY
UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION, 2022/2023 ACADEMIC YEAR
THIRD YEAR, FIRST SEMESTER EXAMINATION
FOR THE DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF SCIENCE
(MATHEMATICS AND COMPUTER SCIENCE)

Date:
Time: 8.30am –10.30am

KMA 311 - PARTIAL DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

ANSWER QUESTION ONE (COMPULSORY) AND ANY OTHER TWO QUESTIONS

QUESTION ONE (30 MARKS)

- a) Form the partial differential equation by eliminating the arbitrary function $z = ax^2 + by^3$
(6 marks)
- b) By making the substitution $u = x + ay$, solve the equation $z^2 = 1 + p^2 + q^2$
(5 marks)
- c) Solve the equation $p + q = \sin x + \sin y$
(6 marks)
- d) Find the integral surfaces of the equation $\frac{dx}{y+z} = \frac{dy}{-(x+z)} = \frac{dz}{x-y}$
(6 marks)
- e) Show that the direction cosines of the tangent at (x, y, z) to the conics $ax^2 + by^2 + cz^2 = 1$ and $x + y + z = 1$ are proportional to $(by - cz, cz - ax, ax - by)$
(7 marks)

QUESTION TWO (20 MARKS)

- a) Solve the Lagrange's linear equation $x^2(y - z)p + y^2(z - x) = z^2(x - y)$
(10 marks)
- b) Find the complete and singular integral of $(p^2 + q^2)y = qz$
(10 marks)

QUESTION THREE (20 MARKS)

- a) Find the orthogonal trajectories on the surface $x^2 + y^2 = \alpha z^2$ of its intersection with the family of planes parallel to the xy plane i.e $z = k$
(12 marks)
- b) Find the Lagrange equation whose solution is given by $\phi(xyz, x^2 + y^2 + z^2) = 0$
(8 marks)

QUESTION FOUR(20 MARKS)

- a) Check the integrability hence or otherwise solve $(x^2 z - y^3)dx + 3xy^2 dy + x^3 dz = 0$
(12 marks)
- b) Find the general solution of the equation $x^2 p + y^2 q = (x + y)z$
(8 marks)

QUESTION FIVE (20 MARKS)

- a) Solve the following differential equation $ydx - (x + z)dy + ydz = 0$
(6 marks)
- b) Find the family of curves associated with the differential equation
$$\frac{dx}{x^2 - y^2 - z^2} = \frac{dy}{2xy} = \frac{dz}{2xz}$$

(7 marks)
- c) Derive the Partial Differential equation associated with the following surface by eliminating the arbitrary function $f(x^2 + y^2 + z^2, z^2 - 2xy) = 0$
(7 marks)