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KIRIRI WOMENS' UNIVERSITY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY

UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION, 2019/2020 ACADEMIC YEAR SECOND YEAR, SECOND SEMESTER EXAMINATION FOR THE DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF SCIENCE (BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION)

Date: 9th December, 2019 Time: 2.30pm – 4.30pm

KFI 202 - INTERMEDIATE MACRO ECONOMIC THEORY

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

ANSWER QUESTION ONE (COMPULSORY) AND ANY OTHER TWO QUESTIONS

QUESTION ONE (30 MARKS)

a) Show from the national income accounting that an increase in taxes (while transfer remain constant) must imply a change in net exports, government purchases, or the saving-investment balance.

(4 Marks)

b) Discuss the Lucas expectation theory.

(4 Marks)

- c) Show that a country that spends more than its income must have an external deficit.
 - (4 Marks)
- d) The following equation describes an economy. C=0.8(1-t)Y, t=0.25, I=900-50i, \bar{G} =800, L=0.25Y-62.5i, M/P=500.
 - i) Define the goods market equilibrium and the money market equilibrium.

(4 Marks)

ii) What equation describe the IS and LM curves.

(8 Marks)

iii) Describe the condition that are satisfied at the intersection of the IS and LM curves, and explain why this is an equilibrium.

(6 Marks)

QUESTION TWO (20 MARKS)

Suppose the structural model of an economy is given as follows: C=100+0.80Yd, $Y_d=Y-T$, I=100, G=100, T=100. Find the following.

i) Expenditure multiplier and change in Y if change in G=50,

(6 Marks)

ii) Tax multiplier,

(4 Marks)

iii) Find national income equilibrium if T=50+0.2Y.

(4 Marks)

iv) Consumption equilibrium,

(2 Marks

v) Tax equilibrium.

(2 Marks)

vi) What change in G will you suggest for increasing national income by 500?

(2 Marks)

QUESTION THREE (20 MARKS)

- a) Given the following functions: C=50+Yd, T=70, $\bar{G}=200$, $\bar{T}R=100$, t=0.20.
 - i) Calculate the equilibrium level of income and the multiplier.

(4 Marks)

ii) Calculate the budget surplus

(4 Marks)

iii) Suppose that t increases to 0.25. What is the new equilibrium income.

(2 Marks)

b) Discuss the monetary transmission mechanism.

(10 Marks)

QUESTION FOUR (20 MARKS)

a) Analyze the effects of a reduction in the money stock on the price level and on output when the aggregate supply curve is positively sloped and wages adjust slowly over time.

(12 Marks)

b) What happens to the level of real balance as a result of the reduction in the nominal money stock?

(8 Marks)

QUESTION FIVE (20 MARKS)

a) Discuss why wages move only sluggishly.

(10 Marks)

b) Suppose the economy is in a recession. How can monetary and fiscal policies speed the recovery?

(10 Marks)