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KIRIRI WOMENS' UNIVERSITY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS, 2024/2025 ACADEMIC YEAR FIRST YEAR, SECOND SEMESTER EXAMINATION FOR THE DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF SCIENCE (COMPUTER SCIENCE)

KMA 2103: LINEAR ALGEBRA 1

DATE:11TH DECEMBER, 2024 **TIME: 8:30M-10:30AM**

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES ANSWER QUESTION ONE (COMPULSORY) AND ANY OTHER TWO QUESTIONS

QUESTION ONE: COMPULSORY (30 MARKS)

a) Let $u = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -2 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}$, $v = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 4 \\ -2 \\ c \end{pmatrix}$, $w = \begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ -2 \\ c \end{pmatrix}$ verify whether the associative property holds of these three vectors.

(3 Marks)

b) Determine whether the vectors (1,2,4), (1,3,5) and (2,1,5) are linearly dependent or not.

(4 Marks)

(5 Marks)

- c) Let $V = \mathbb{R}^3$. Show that W is a subspace of V where: $W = \{(a, b, 0): a, b \in \mathbb{R}\}$, that is W is the x, y plane consisting of the vectors whose third component is zero. (3 Marks)
- d) Define a linear function $f: \mathbb{R}^3 \to \mathbb{R}^3$ by f(x, y, z) = (x z, y x, z y). Find
 - i. the kernel of f. (4 Marks)
 - ii. the nullity of f. (2 Marks)
- e) Solve the system with three variables using Cramer's rule
- 2x + 4v + 6z = -122x - 3y - 4z = 153x + 4y + 5z = -8f) Solve the linear system $x_1 + x_2 + 2x_3 = 9$ $2x_1 + 4x_2 - 3x_3 = 1$ $3x_1 + 6x_2 - 5x_3 = 0$ using Gauss Jordan elimination (5 Marks)

g) Show that the set $\{(-3,2,4), (1,0,-2), (-1,-1,-1)\}$ spans \mathbb{R}^3 . (4 Marks)

QUESTION TWO: (20 MARKS)

- Define the rank of a matrix A a) (1 Mark) Find the rank of $A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 0 & -1 \\ 2 & 6 & -3 & -3 \\ 3 & 10 & -6 & -5 \end{pmatrix}$ b) (5 Marks)
- c) Solve the linear system by transforming the augmented matrix to a reduced row echelon form

$$x_{1} - x_{2} - 2x_{3} + x_{4} = 0$$

$$2x_{1} - x_{2} - 3x_{3} + 2x_{4} = -6$$

$$-x_{1} + 2x_{2} + x_{3} + 3x_{4} = 2$$

$$x_{1} + x_{2} - x_{3} + 2x_{4} = 1$$

(8 Marks)
(2 Marks)
(2 Marks)

(3 Marks)

(3 Marks)

- d) Given u = (3, -2, -5), v = (1, 4, -4), w = (0, 3, 1). Calculate $u. (v \times w)$ (3 Marks)
- e) Find the equation of the plane passing through the points $P_2(1,2,-1)$, $P_2(2,3,1)$ and $P_3(3,-1,2)$

QUESTION THREE: (20 MARKS)

a) Show that the function $f: \mathbb{R}^2 \to \mathbb{R}^2$ given by f(x, y) = (x - y, x + y) is linear. (5 Marks)

- b) Express $15x^2 + 9x 13$ as a linear combination of $2x^2 x$, $-3x^2 + 4$ and 5x 3. (7 Marks)
- c) Solve the following system of linear equations by Gaussian Elimination

$$x_{1} + 3x_{2} + 2x_{5} = 0$$

$$2x_{1} + 6x_{2} - 5x_{3} - 2x_{4} + 4x_{5} - 3x_{6} = -1$$

$$5x_{3} + 10x_{4} + 15x_{6} = 5$$

$$2x_{1} - 6x_{2} + 8x_{4} + 4x_{5} + 18x_{6} = 6$$

(8 Marks)

QUESTION FOUR: (20 MARKS)

a) Define the linear transformation $T: \mathbb{R}^4 \to \mathbb{R}^3$ by $T\begin{pmatrix} a \\ b \\ c \\ d \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} a+b \\ b-c \\ a+d \end{pmatrix}$

- i. Find a basis for the null space of *T* and its dimension (4 Marks)
- ii. Describe the Range of *T* (2 Marks)
- iii. Find a basis for the range of T and its dimension

b) Determine whether the vectors $V_1 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}$, $v_2 = \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 1 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}$, $v_3 = \begin{pmatrix} -2 \\ 3 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}$, $v_4 = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$ are linearly dependent

(4 marks)

c) Given that
$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & -1 & 5 \\ 1 & 4 & -5 \end{pmatrix}$$
, find A^{-1} (7 Marks)

QUESTION FIVE: (20 MARKS)

a) Solve the linear system below by reducing its augmented matrix to a reduced echelon form

$$x - y + 2z - w = -1$$

$$2x + y - 2z - 2w = -2$$

$$-x + 2y - 4z + w = 1$$

$$3x - 3w = -3$$

(6 Marks)

b) Determine the value(s) of λ such that the set $\{(\lambda, 1, -3), ((\lambda - 1), 1, 0), (1, 0, 1)\}$ is linearly independent. (7 Marks)

c) Determine whether the following subsets S of \mathbb{R}^3 is a subspace

i.
$$S = \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{bmatrix} | x_1 + x_3 = -2 \right\}$$
(3 Marks)
ii.
$$S = \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} s - 2t \\ s \\ t + s \end{bmatrix} | s, t \in \mathbb{R} \right\}$$
(4 Marks)