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**KIRIRI WOMEN'S UNIVERSITY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY**  
**UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION FOR 2024/2025 ACADEMIC YEAR**  
**THIRD YEAR, SECOND SEMESTER EXAMINATION**  
**(SPECIAL EXAMINATION)**

**KCS 310: REAL ANALYSIS**

**DATE: 11<sup>TH</sup> DECEMBER, 2024**

**TIME: 11:30AM-1:30PM**

**INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES**

**ANSWER QUESTION ONE (COMPULSORY) AND ANY OTHER TWO QUESTIONS**

**QUESTION ONE: COMPULSORY (30 MARKS)**

- a) Give an example of a set which has got an infimum, a minimum and a supremum but does not have a maximum element. **(2 Marks)**
- b) State whether the following sets are open, closed or neither
- i)  $S = \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$  **(1 Mark)**
  - ii)  $S = (2, \infty)$  **(1 Mark)**
  - iii)  $\mathbb{R}$  **(1 Mark)**
- c) Let  $(X, \rho)$  be a metric space. Define the following terms:
- i) Neighborhood of a point. **(1 Mark)**
  - ii) Interior point. **(2 Marks)**
  - iii) Limit point. **(2 Marks)**
  - iv) Isolated point. **(1 Mark)**
- d) Given a set  $S = \{1, 3\} \cup (4, 11)$ . Find the following:
- i)  $S^\circ$  **(1 Mark)**
  - ii)  $\bar{S}$  **(1 Mark)**
  - iii) Is  $S$  **(1 Mark)**
  - iv)  $\partial S$  **(1 Mark)**
- e) Prove that the set of irrational numbers is uncountable. **(3 Marks)**
- f) Prove that an empty set is open. **(4 Marks)**
- g) Show that the infinite series  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n}$  is divergent. **(2 Marks)**
- h) Prove using mathematical induction that for all  $n \geq 1$ ,  $1 + 3 + 5 + \dots + (2n - 1) = n^2$  **(3 Marks)**
- i). Let  $X$  be a non-void set and  $\rho : X \times X \rightarrow X$  be defined by  $\rho(x, y) = |x - y|$  Show that  $(X, \rho)$  is a metric space. **(3 Marks)**

### **QUESTION TWO: (20 MARKS)**

- a) Prove that the intersection of an arbitrary family of closed sets is closed. (6 Marks)
- b) Prove that the set of rational numbers is countable. (6 Marks)
- c) i) Show that the infinite set  $1, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{4}, \dots$  is bounded (2 Marks)
- ii) Determine the supremum and the infimum of the set in question c i) above (2 Marks)
- d) Use ratio test to test the convergence of the series  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{n!(n+1)!}{(3n)!}$ . (4 Marks)

### **QUESTION THREE: (20 MARKS)**

- a) Prove that every convergent sequence has a unique limit. (6 Marks)
- b) Give a counter example to show that if sequence is bounded it is not necessarily convergent. (4 Marks)
- c) For any four numbers a, b, c, d assume that  $a < b$  and  $c < d$  and prove that  $a + c < b + d$ . (5 Marks)
- d) Prove that for positive numbers x and y,  $x < y$  then if and only if  $x^2 < y^2$ . (5 Marks)

### **QUESTION FOUR: (20 MARKS)**

- a) Let X be a non-void set and  $\rho : X \times X \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  be defined by

$$\rho(x, y) = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if } x \neq y \\ 0 & \text{if } x = y. \end{cases} \text{ Show that } (X, \rho) \text{ is a metric space.} \quad (6 \text{ Marks})$$

- b) Prove that if a set S has a minima in  $\mathbb{R}$ , then this minima is unique. (4 Marks)
- c) Given the set  $S = [-\infty, 4) \cup \{5, 9\} \cup [6, 7)$ , find:
- i.  $A^\circ$  (1 Mark)
- ii.  $\partial A$  (1 Mark)
- iii.  $(A^c)^\circ$  (2 Marks)
- iv.  $\overline{A}$  (1 Mark)
- d) State and prove the principle of Archimedean. (5 Marks)

### **QUESTION FIVE: (20 MARKS)**

- a) State Cauchy root test and hence use it to test the convergence of

$$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \left( \frac{5n-3n^3}{7n^3+2} \right)^n \quad (5 \text{ Marks})$$

- b) Use integral test to test the convergence of the series  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2n-1}}$  (5 Marks)
- c) i) state the completeness axiom. (1 Mark)
- ii) Illustrate using an example that the set of rational numbers doesn't satisfy the completeness axiom. (4 Marks)
- d) Prove that the intersection of finite number of open sets is open. (5 Marks)