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## KIRIRI WOMENS' UNIVERSITY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS, 2024/2025 ACADEMIC YEAR FOURTH YEAR, FIRST SEMESTER END OF SEMESTER EXAMINATION FOR THE DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF SCIENCE IN MATHEMATICS (SPECIAL EXAMINATION)

#### **KMA 414 MEASURE AND PROBABILITY**

Date: 14<sup>TH</sup> AUGUST, 2024 Time: 8:30 AM – 10:30 AM

# INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES ANSWER QUESTION ONE (COMPULSORY) AND ANY OTHER TWO QUESTIONS

#### **QUESTION ONE COMPULSORY (30 MARKS)**

a) Define

i) A set. (1 mark)

ii) A Borel field. (1 mark)

iii) An indicator function. (1 mark)

iv) Convergence in distribution. (1 mark)

b) Let A be a set with n elements and  $P^A$  be the power set of A. Show that the number of subsets of A contained in  $P^A$  is  $2^n$ . (5 marks)

c) Let  $A_1, A_2, ..., A_n$  be the sets which are not necessarily disjoint. Show that there exist disjoint sets  $B_1, B_2, ..., B_n$  which are disjoint such that

$$\bigcup_{i=1}^{n} A_i = \sum_{i=1}^{n} B_i$$
. Hence show that  $P\left(\bigcup_{i=1}^{n} A_i\right) = \sum_{i=1}^{n} P(B_i)$ .

(6 marks)

d) Define a measure. Show that probability is a measure.

(5 marks)

e) Show that the necessary and sufficient condition for a random variable X to converge in probability to zero is that  $E\left[\frac{|X|}{1+|X|}\right]$ . (5 marks)

f) Let  $X \sim N(50, 100)$ . Use Chebyshevs inequality to find the lower bound for

i) 
$$P(|\overline{X} - \mu| > 5)$$
 where  $\overline{X}$  was obtained from a sample of size 20. (3 marks)

ii) 
$$P(|X - \mu| > 20)$$
. (2 marks)

#### **QUESTION TWO (20 MARKS)**

a) Let A be the set  $A = [X: |X| \ge a]$  and g be a measurable Borel function on  $\mathcal{R}$ . Prove the basic inequality that

$$\frac{E[g(x)] - g(a)}{\sup\{g(x)\}} \le P(A) \le \frac{E[g(x)]}{g(a)}$$
(10 marks)

- b) State the Markov's inequality, hence use basic inequality in a) to prove it. (4 marks)
- c) State the Chebyshevs inequality, hence use Markov chain in b) to prove it. (6 marks)

### **QUESTION THREE (20 MARKS)**

- a) What is a field? (2 marks)
- b) Prove that a monotone field is a  $\sigma$  field and vice-versa. (6 marks)
- c) Prove
  - i) Holder's inequality  $E[XY] \le E^{\frac{1}{r}} |X|^r E^{\frac{1}{s}} |X|^s$ , hence show that  $E[XY] \le \sqrt{E[X]^2 E[Y]^2}$ .

(6 marks)

ii) 
$$E_r^{\frac{1}{r}}|X+Y|^r \le E_r^{\frac{1}{r}}|X|^r + E_r^{\frac{1}{r}}|Y|^r$$
. (6 marks)

#### **QUESTION FOUR (20 MARKS)**

- a) Discuss four properties of a cumulative distribution function. (4 marks)
- b) Describe the axiomatic concept of probability. (5 marks)
- c) Let  $X_1, X_2, ..., X_n$  be i.i.d binomial random variables with probability distribution Bin  $(n, \frac{\lambda}{n})$ . Show that for large n, the distribution converges to Pois  $(\lambda)$ . (7 marks)
- d) State, without prove, the Borel-Cantelli Lemma. (4 marks)

#### **QUESTION FIVE (20 MARKS)**

a) Let  $I_A = \begin{cases} 1, & i \in A \\ 0, & i \notin A \end{cases}$  and  $I_B = \begin{cases} 1, & i \in B \\ 0, & i \notin B \end{cases}$  be the indicator functions of sets A and B respectively. Show that

i) Whenever 
$$A \subset B$$
,  $I_B \ge I_A$ . (2 marks)

ii) 
$$I_{AB} = I_A + I_B - I_{A \cup B}$$
. (3 marks)

- b) Let X and Y be two random variables,  $I_A = \begin{cases} 1, & i \in A \\ 0, & i \notin A \end{cases}$   $I_B = \begin{cases} 1, & i \in B \\ 0, & i \notin B \end{cases}$  and  $I_{AB} = \begin{cases} 1, & i \in A \\ 0, & i \notin A \end{cases}$ . Prove that  $E(X \mp Y) = E(X) \mp E(Y)$ . (5 marks)
- c) Differentiate between a monotone increasing and monotone decreasing sequence. Hence determine whether the sequences  $A_n = \{w: 2 \frac{2}{n} \le w \le 5 + \frac{1}{n}, \ n \in \mathbb{R}\}$  is a monotone increasing or monotone decreasing and state its limit. (6 marks)
- d) Show that inverse mapping preserves the following set relation.

$$X^{-1} \binom{\bigcap B_k'}{k} = \frac{\bigcap X^{-1}(B_k')}{k} \tag{4 marks}$$